

HAKO470 DESOLDERING TOOL

Desoldering Tool

Instruction Manual

Thank you for purchasing the Hakko 470 Desoldering Tool.

This Manual describes the use and maintenance of the Hakko 470. Please read it before using the unit. After reading the manual, keep it in a safe place for future reference.

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Packing List Please check to make sure that all the items listed below are included in the Hakko 470 package

Station		Filter (S)2
Desoldering Gun	1 Ceramic Paper	Filter (L)4
Iron Holder Base		3
Spring Iron Holder		$r \phi 1.0 \text{ mm } [0.04 \text{ in}] \text{ nozzle})1$
Cleaning Sponge		for Heating Element)1
Filter Pipe	1 Cleaning Pin Ho	older1
	Cleaning Drill (fo	or ϕ 1.0 mm [0.04 in] nozzle)1
	Instruction Manu	ual1
CV TIME	Silicone Grease	1
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Station		
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SEE-CENT II		
Iron Holder Base	Spring Iron Holder	Cleaning Sponge
	Ceramic Paper Filter (S)	a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a
Filter Pipe	Ceramic Paper Filter (L)	Spring Filter
		F
Cleaning Pin for ϕ 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle	Cleaning Pin (L) for Heating Element	Cleaning Pin Holder
		<i>(</i> 2––––
		1 1
	V	
-		L /
Cleaning Drill for ψ1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle	Silicone Grease	Desoldering Gun
1		FI/

Precautions

High Temperature

The Heating Element, Filter Pipe, other parts near these parts, and the Spring Iron Holder are all extremely hot during and immediately after operation. Be careful not to touch them at these times.

Filter

Use Ceramic Paper Filter S/Filter Case (Station) and Ceramic Paper Filter L/Filter Pipe (Gun). Inversely setting may cause to break or the power to drop.

Mishandling

Sharp impacts may cause parts to break or the power to drop. Handle both the Desoldering Gun and the Station with care.

Maintenance

Please replace all expendable supplies and clean the specified parts.

Specifications

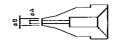
Name	Hakko 470	
Power Consumption	100W	
		

Station

Part Name	Station	
Output Voltage	24V AC	
Vacuum Generator	Vacuum pump, double cylinder type	
Vacuum Pressure (Max)		
Suction Flow	12f/min.	
Voltage Leakage	Under 1.2mV	
Ground Resistance	Under 20	
Motor Output	12W	
Outer Dimensions (W×H×D)	165×135×260 mm (6.5×5.31×10.24 in)	
Weight	Approx. 5.0 kg (11.02 lb.)	

Replacement Parts

Part No.		Part Name/Specification	
A1002	Nozzle S	φ0.8 mm (0.03 in)	
A1003	Nozzie S	φ1.0 mm (0.04 in)	
A1004	Nozzle	φ0.8 mm (0.03 in)	
A1005	Nozzle	φ1.0 mm (0.04 in)	
A1006	Nozzle	φ1.3 mm (0.05 in)	
A1007	Nozzle	φ1.6 mm (0.06 in)	





Part No.	φA	φB
A1002	0.8 (0.03 in)	1.8 (0.07 in)
A1003	1.0 (0.04 in)	2.0 (0.08 in)

Part No.	φA	φB
A1004	0.9 (0.03 in)	2.3 (0.09 in)
A1005	1.0 (0.04 in)	2.5 (0.1 in)
A1006	1.3 (0.05 in)	3.0 (0.12 in)
A1007	1.6 (0.06 in)	3.0 (0.12 in)

Desoldering Gun

Part Name	Hakko 802	
Part No.	C1000	
Power Consumption	24V AC, 50W	
Temperature	380°C~480°C (716°F~896°F)	
Insulation Resistance	Over 300 MΩ at 420°C (790°F)	
Nozzle Inside Diameter	φ1.0 (0.04 in) (Nozzle S, Standard)	
Outer Dimensions (35×174 mm (W×H) (5.31×6.85 in)		
Weight (w/o cord, Hose)	Approx. 200g (0,44 lb)	

Part No.	Part Name/Specification		
B1215	Cleaning Pin (L)	for Heating Element	
B1086	Cleaning Pin	for ϕ 0.8 mm (0.03 in) Nozzle	
B1087	Cleaning Pin	for φ1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle	
B1088	Cleaning Pin	for ϕ 1.3 mm (0.05 in) Nozzle	
B1089	Cleaning Pin	for ϕ 1.6 mm (0.06 in) Nozzle	
B1302	Cleaning Drill	for \$0.8 mm (0.03 in) Nozzle	
B1303	Cleaning Drill	for ϕ 1.0 mm (0.04 in) Nozzle	
B1304	Cleaning Drill	for φ1.3 mm (0.05 in) Nozzle	
B1305	Cleaning Drill	for φ1.6 mm (0.06 in) Nozzle	
	·		

Part No.	Part Name/Specification	
B1017	Filter Pipe	w/Front Holder & Filters
A1009	Ceramic Paper Filter (S)	for Filter Case 10 pcs.
A1033	Ceramic Paper Filter (L)	for Filter Pipe 10 pcs.
A1030	Spring Filter	10 pcs.
A1008	Heating Element	24V, 50W
A1028	Silicone Grease	
A1042	Cleaning Sponge	

Condition of Measurement

Insulation Resistance

The insulation resistance was measured between the Nozzle and the lead of the Heating Element using a 500 V DC insulation resistance meter.

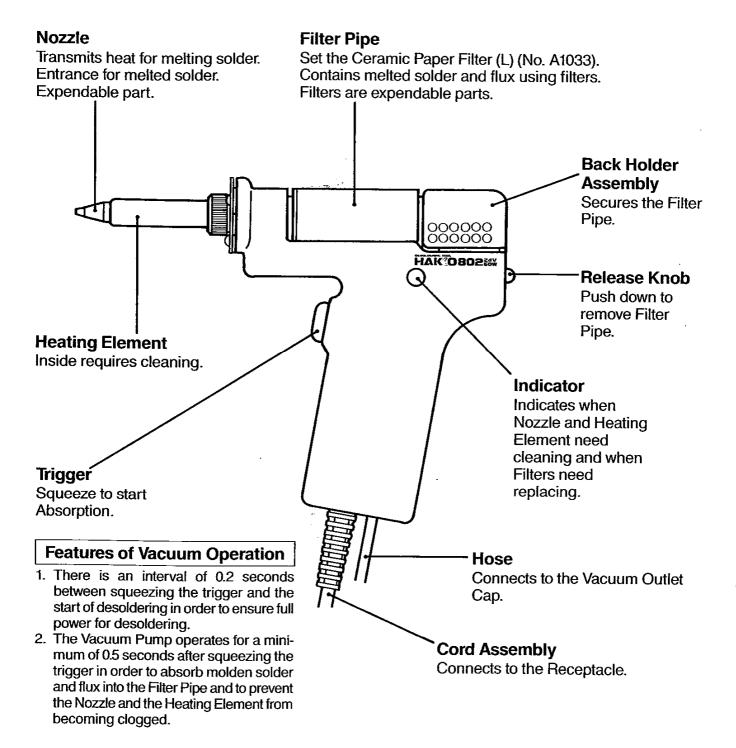
Caution: The insulation resistance cannol be measured between the Nozzle and the power plug as the transformer between the secondary part (Heating Element) and the primary part acts as an insulator.

Voltage Leakage

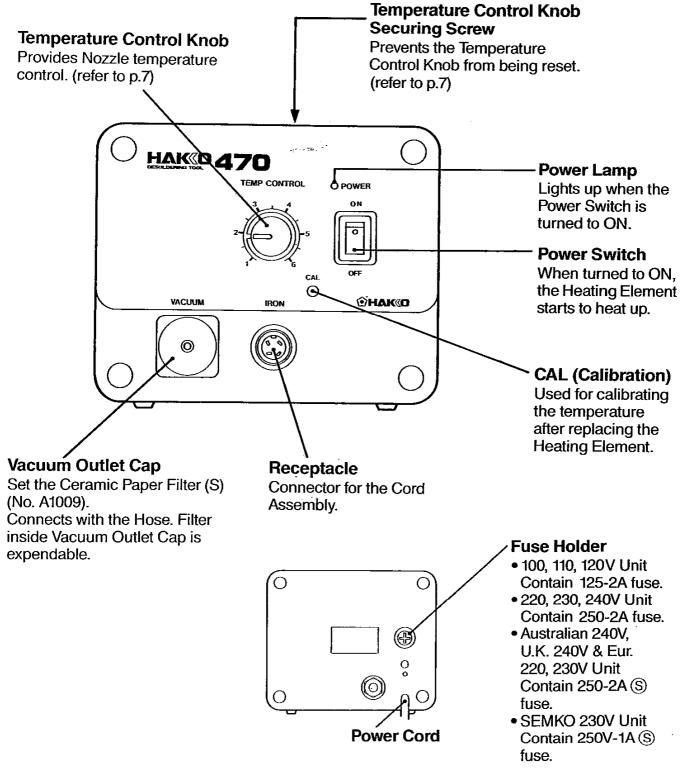
The voltage leakage was measured between the Nozzle and the grounding Plug at a temperature of 480°C (896°F) using an AC mV meter. Caution: Be sure to ground the unit before measuring the voltage leakage.

*Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Desoldering Gun



Station



Operation

Preparation—Assembly and Connection

Assemble the Hakko 470 on a flat surface.

(1) Assemble the Iron Holder

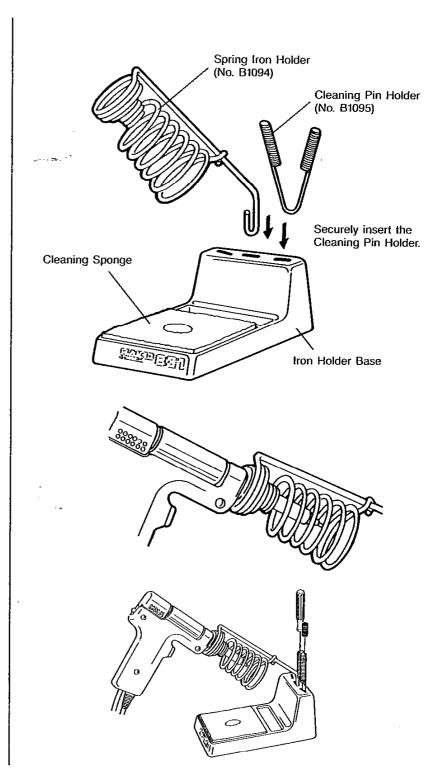
- Set the Spring Iron Holder and Cleaning Pin Holder in the Iron Holder Base.
- Dampen the Cleaning Sponge with water and then squeeze it dry.

2 Insert the Desoldering Gun and Cleaning Pins

 Fully insert the Desoldering Gun into the Spring Iron Holder.

Caution:

The Spring Iron Holder becomes extremely hot during operation of the Desoldering Gun. Do not touch the Spring Iron Holder during and immediately after using the Gun.



(3) Connections

- Connect the Cord Assembly to the Receptacle (marked "IRON").
- Never connect or disconnect the Cord Assembly while the Power Switch is set to "ON".
- Connect the Hose to the Vacuum Outlet Cap (marked "VACUUM").

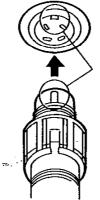
4 Power Switch

 Confirm that the Power Switch is set in the OFF position, then connect the power plug to the power source.

Note: The entire unit is constructed of conductive materials. Always ground the unit.

- Turn the Power Switch to ON.
 The Power Lamp should light up.
- The Nozzle begins to heat up as soon as the Power Switch is turned to ON.
- (5) After turning the Power Switch to ON, wait 3 minutes before beginning desoldering operations.

IRON



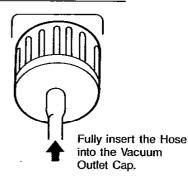
Insert the Cord Assembly by keying the Plug to the key on the Receptacle.

IRON

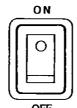


Secure the Plug by turning it clockwise.

VACUUM



POWER



The Power Lamp lights up.



The Nozzle heats up.

The Power Lamp doesn't light up.

- 1. Is the Power Cord properly connected?
- 2. Is the fuse blown?

The Nozzle doesn't heat up.

- 1. Is the Cord Assembly properly connected?
- 2. Is the Heating Element broken?

Operation

Desoldering

After turning the Power Switch to ON, wait 3 minutes before beginning desoldering operations.

1 Set the temperature

Note: Always set the temperature to as low as possible for the work being done.

To more precisely set the temperature, measure the temperature at the Nozzle using a soldering iron thermometer and adjust the Temperature Control Knob accordingly.

We recommend the Hakko 191 thermometer for measuring the Nozzle temperature.

 For volume desoldering, the Temperature Control Knob can be secured by tightening the Temperature Control Knob Securing Screw ("+" screw) at the top of the 470 unit.

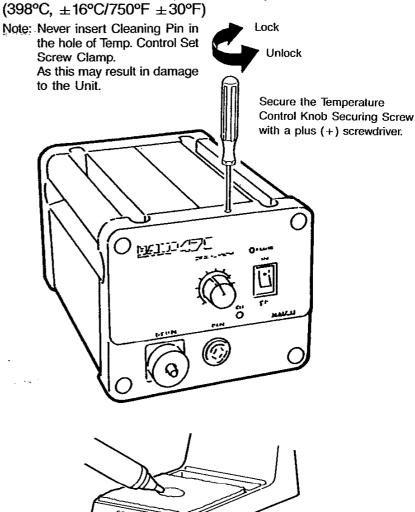
2 Clean the tip of the Nozzle

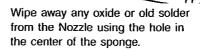
 Keep the solder-plated section of the Nozzle a shiny white by coating it with a small amount of solder.

If the tip of the Nozzle is coated with oxide, the Nozzle's heat conductivity will be lowered. Coating the tip with a small amount of fresh solder ensures maximum heat conductivity.

The Temperature can be adjusted between 380°C (716°F) and 480°C (896°F) (\pm 16°C/ \pm 30°F) with Temperature Control Knob.

This Unit has excellent thermal recovery to operate with lower temperature than conventional desoldering tool. We recommend to operate under position '2' (398°C + 16°C/750°E + 30°E)





(3) Melt the solder.

 Apply the Nozzle to the soldered part and melt the solder.

Note: Never allow the Nozzle to touch the board itself.

 Confirm that the solder is melted.

Note: To confirm that all the solder is melted, observe the inside of the hole and the backside of the PWB. If this is difficult to do, try slowly moving the lead with the Nozzle—if the lead moves, the solder is melted.

Note: Never move the lead by force. If it doesn't move easily, the solder isn't yet fully melted.

(4) Absorb the solder.

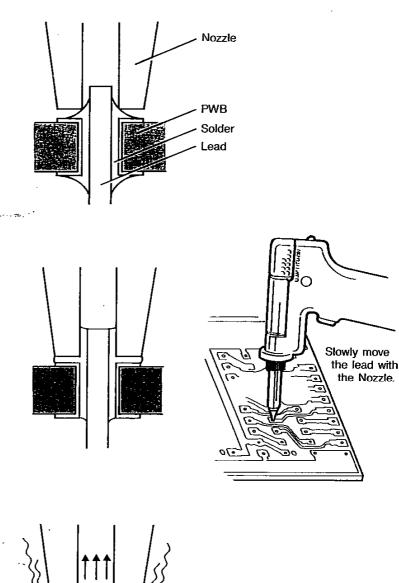
 After confirming that the solder is completely melted, absorb the solder by squeezing the trigger on the Gun.

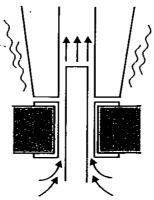
Note: Never leave any solder remaining inside the hole in the PWB.

 After fully absorbing all the solder, cool the soldering junction in order to prevent it from becoming resoldered.

(5) Problems during Desoldering.

 If solder remains, resolder the component and repeat the desoldering process.





Absorb the solder by slowly moving the lead back and forth with the tip of the Nozzle.

Operation

Heated solder and flux can cause oxides to form and adhere to the Nozzle and the inside of the Heating Element. These oxides not only lower the heat conductivity, but can also clog the Nozzle and Heating Element, resulting in a drop in suction efficiency. Should there be a noticeable drop in suction efficiency during operation, replace the filter and clean the Nozzle and Heating Element with the provided Cleaning Pin.

Cleaning during Operation

1 Observing the Indicator

While looking at the indicator and with the hole of the Nozzle open, pull the trigger and look at the indicator. If it is red, clean the Nozzle and Heating Elements, empty the Filter Pipe, and replace the Filters. If the indicator is blue, cleaning is not necessary and operations can be resumed.

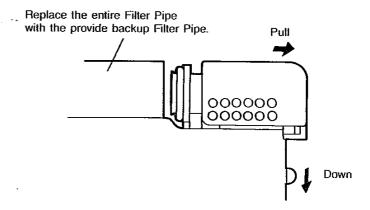
Note: The indicator will not operate accurately if the hole of the nozzle is closed or if the solder in the hole of the PWB is not melted.

Note: The indicator on Hakko 471 is read is a different way. For instructions on the reading the 471 indicator, please refer to the Hakko 471 instruction manual.

2 Replacing the Filter

During operation, the Filter Pipe is very hot. Wait until the Filter Pipe is cool before replacing the Filter. We recommend keeping a second Filter Pipe containing new Filters handy, and replacing the installed Filter Pipe with this backup Filter Pipe.

Normal	Abnormal	Solution
O		If the indicator is more than half red, replace the filter and clean the Nozzle and the inside
Blue or slight amount of red can be seen.	More than half of the indicator is red.	of the Heating Elemen (refer to p.12, Maintenance of the Desoldering Gun)



Problems during Desoldering

- A. The solder in the junction is not sufficiently melted.
- B. Suction power is dropping.

A. The solder in the junction is not sufficiently melted.

●Temperature is not high enough.

The following parts require a greater heat capacity to desolder.

 Multi-layer PWBs, power supplies, ground planes in through-hole PWBs high-capacity transistors, triacs with heat radiation fins, tuner PWB ground wires, and largescale transformer terminals.

Use a preheating oven or heating gun to heat the PWB to a temperature that won't damage the board or its components [between 70°C (160°F) and 80°C (180°F)], then desolder. Do not increase the temperature of the gun by recalibration as this may damage the PWB board and its components.

Nozzle is worn out.

 When the Nozzle begins to wear out, the heating efficiency begins to decline. Check the Nozzle. If the solder plating is damaged (p.12), or the Nozzle is eroded (p.12), replace the Nozzle.

B. Suction Power is dropping.

 Replace the Filters, and clean the Nozzle and the inside of the Heating Element. (refer to p.12, Gun and Station Service)

Air is leaking from the vacuum system.

Air leakage cannot be determined from the indicator. Check the air-tightness of the following parts and replace any that are worn.

- Contact point of the Nozzle and Heating Element
- c. O-ring in Back Holder
- d. Hose
- e. Vacuum Outlet Cap
- b. Front Holder and nearby parts.
 - Remove all solder from the inside of the Nozzle and Heating Element.
 - Clean the tip of the Nozzle with the Cleaning Sponge, then coat the tip with a fresh layer of solder to protect the solder plating.

Post-operation Maintenance

To ensure a long service life, always perform the following maintenance procedures immediately after using the Hakko 470 unit.

Troubleshooting Guide

- Power Lamp does not light up.
- •Is the Power Cord plugged in correctly?
 Securely insert the Power Cord into the power supply.
- •Is the Fuse blown?
 Replace with a new fuse (2 amp.)
- Pump does not operate.
- Is the Cord Assembly properly connected?
 Reconnect the Cord Assembly (p.6)
- Is the Nozzle or hole in the Heating Element clogged? Clean it. (p.12)
- Solder is not being absorbed.
- •Is the Spring Filter full of solder? Replace it with a new one.
- Is the Ceramic Filter hardened? Replace it with a new one.
- •Is there a vacuum leak?
 Check the connections and replace any worn parts.
- The Nozzle does not heat up.
- •Is the Desoldering Gun Cord Assembly properly connected?

Reconnect it. (p.6)

•Is the Heating Element damaged? Replace it.

Note: When repairs are needed, please send both the Desoldering Gun and the Station to your sales agent.

Maintenance (Desoldering Gun)

Properly maintained, the Hakko 470 Desoldering Gun should provide years of good service.

Efficient desoldering depends upon the temperature, and the quality and quantity of the solder and flux. Perform the following service procedures as dictated by the conditions of the Gun's usage.

The Desoldering Gun will be extremely hot. During maintenance, please wear gloves and work carefully.

Servicing the Desoldering Gun

1 Inspect and clean the Nozzle

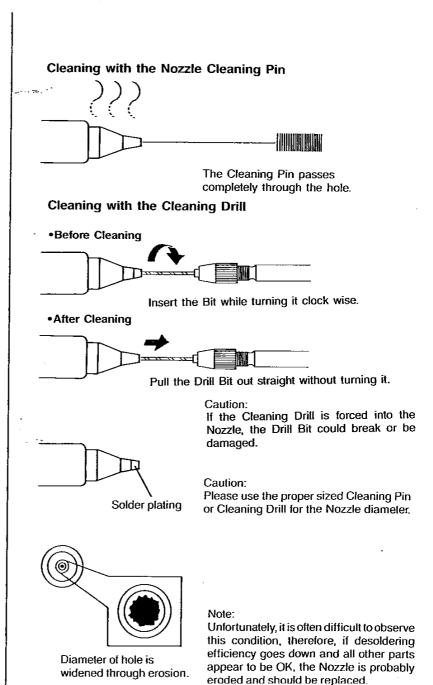
- Plug in the power cord, turn the Power Switch On and let the Nozzle heat up.
- Clean out the hole of the Nozzle with the Nozzle Cleaning Pin.

Note: The Cleaning Pin will not pass through the Nozzle until the solder inside the Nozzle is completely melted.

- Check the condition of the solder plating on the tip of the Nozzle.
- If it is slightly worn, recoat the tip with fresh solder to prevent oxidation.
- If it is severely worn, replace the Nozzle.
- Check the condition of the surface and inside hole of the Nozzle.
- If either is worn or eroded, or the inside diameter seems unusually wide, replace the Nozzle.

Note: The inside hole and the surface of the Nozzle is plated with a special alloy. Should this alloy become eroded by high-temperature solder, the Nozzle will not be able to maintain the proper temperature.

 If the Cleaning Pin and Cleaning Drill does not pass through the hole in the Nozzle, replace the Nozzle.



2 Disassemble the Heating Element

Caution: The Heating Element is very hot during operation.

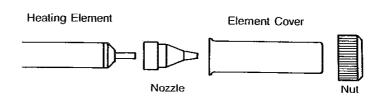
(3) Clean out the hole in the Heating Element

 Be sure the solder in the hole in the Heating Element is completely melted, then clean the hole with the provided Cleaning Pin.

Note: If the Cleaning Pin cannot pass through the hole, replace the Heating Element.

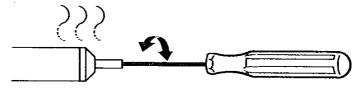
4 Replace the Filters

- Turn the Power Switch OFF.
- When the Filter Pipe is cool to the touch, push down the Release Knob at the back of the Gun and remove the Filter Pipe.
- · Examine the Front Holder.
- Examine the Spring Filter.
- Examine the Ceramic Paper Filter. (A1033)



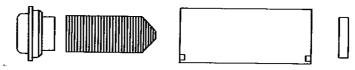
Remove the Nut.

Scrape away all oxidation from the hole in the Heating Element until the Cleaning Pin passes cleanly through the hole.



The Cleaning Pin passes cleanly and completely through the hole.





Spring Filter

Ceramic Paper Filter (L) (No. A1033)

Replace

Stiff and cracked.

Replace

Solder is collected in two-thirds of the Spring Filter.

Replace

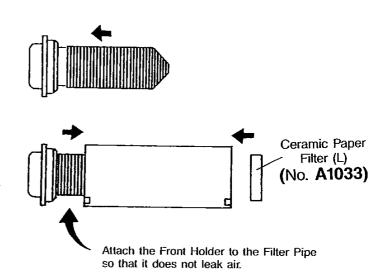
Ceramic Paper Filter is stiff with flux and solder.

Secure the filters

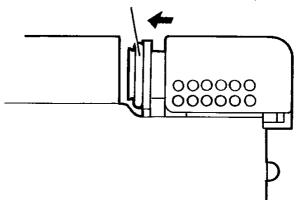
- Attach the Spring Filter to the Front Holder.
- Attach the Front Holder to the Filter Pipe.

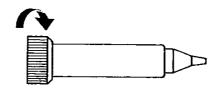
Caution: Be sure the Front Holder is correctly aligned.

Caution: Use Ceramic Paper Filter (L) for Filter Pipe (Gun).
Using of the Ceramic Paper Filter (S) in the Filter Pipe may cause to break or the power to drop.



Firmly press the Back Holder Assembly into the Filter Pipe in order to properly seat the O-ring against the Pipe.





6 Assemble the Heating Element

 Attach the Nozzle and securely tighten the Nut.

Caution: If the nut is loose, air will leak and the temperature will drop.

Maintenance (Station)

Cleaning the inside of the Filter Case

(1) Replace the Ceramic Paper Filter (A1009)

Detach the Filter Retainer, being very careful not to let the Valve pop out. Remove the Ceramic Paper Filter and inspect it. If it is stiff with flux, replace it.

(2) Clean the Filter Retainer Remove any flux adhering to the Filter Retainer

(3) Clean the Valve

Remove any flux adhering to the Valve.

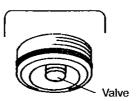
Caution: Do not misplace the white washer that is attached to the Valve.

(4) Reassemble the Filter

Caution: Set the Ceramic Paper Filter (S) for Filter Case (Station).

Using Ceramic paper Filter (L) in the Filter Case may cause to break or the power to drop.

VACUUM





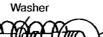
Remove the Filter Retainer and push out the Ceramic Paper Filter.

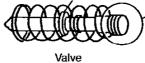
Remove any flux adhering to the Filter Retainer



Filter Retainer (rear)

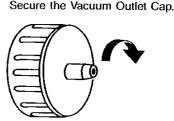
Use only alcohol for cleaning. Never use thinner as it may damage the material of the Filter Retainer.





Remove any flux adhering to the Valve.

Ceramic Paper Filter (S) (No. A1009)



Apply silicone grease and securely tighten the Vacuum Outlet Cap to prevent air leakage.

Cleaning the Pump

Caution: Unplug the Power Cord before starting this procedure.

1 Disassemble the Pump Heads

- · Remove the Rear Panel
- · Remove the Cover
- Remove the Pump Head from each side of the Pump.

2 Clean the Pump Head

- Remove the Valve Plate and Fixing Plate.
- Remove any flux adhering to the Plates.

Caution:

If the Fixing Plate is difficult to remove, apply hot air to it to warm it up. Never use excessive force to remove the Plate as it is easy to bend, and a bent Plate will allow air to leak out and reduce solder vacuuming efficiency.

Caution:

Clean the Plates only with alcohol or thinner.

Replace:

If the Valve Plate is bent or stiff, replace it.

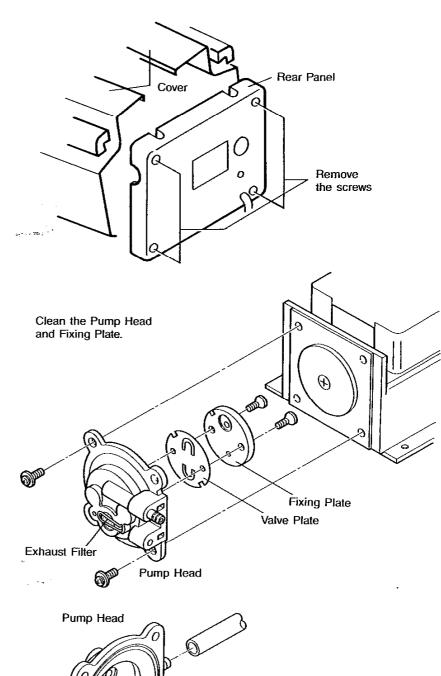
• If the Exhaust Filter is dirty, replace it.

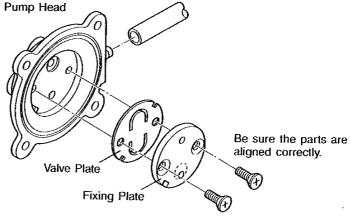
(3) Assemble the Pump Heads

Reassemble the Valve Plate and Fixing Plate

Caution:

When assembling the Pump, be sure to check for air leaks.





Replacement Parts

Replacing the Heaing Element

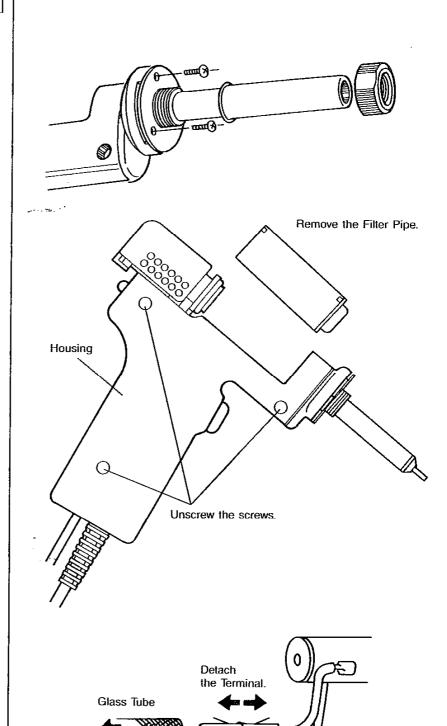
The resistance value of a working Heaing Element is 2-4 Ω at 23°C (73°F). If the value you get is outside this range, replace the Heating Element.

1 Disassemble the heating parts

Caution: Unplug the Power cord before starting this procedure.

2 Separate the Housing.

3 Detach the Terminal and remove the Heating Element.



(4) Insert a new Heating Element and reassemble.

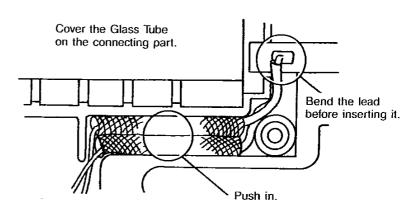
(Heating Element 24V-50W)

Caution: Before reassembling enclosure, make sure connectors are completely covered by Glass Tube.

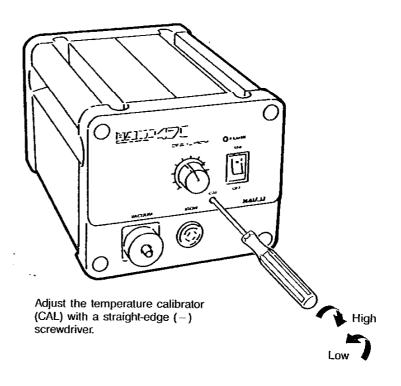
(5) Recalibrate the temperature.

The resistance of new Heating Elements varies, resulting in variations in operating temperatures. It is necessary to recalibrate the temperature every time the Heating Element is replaced.

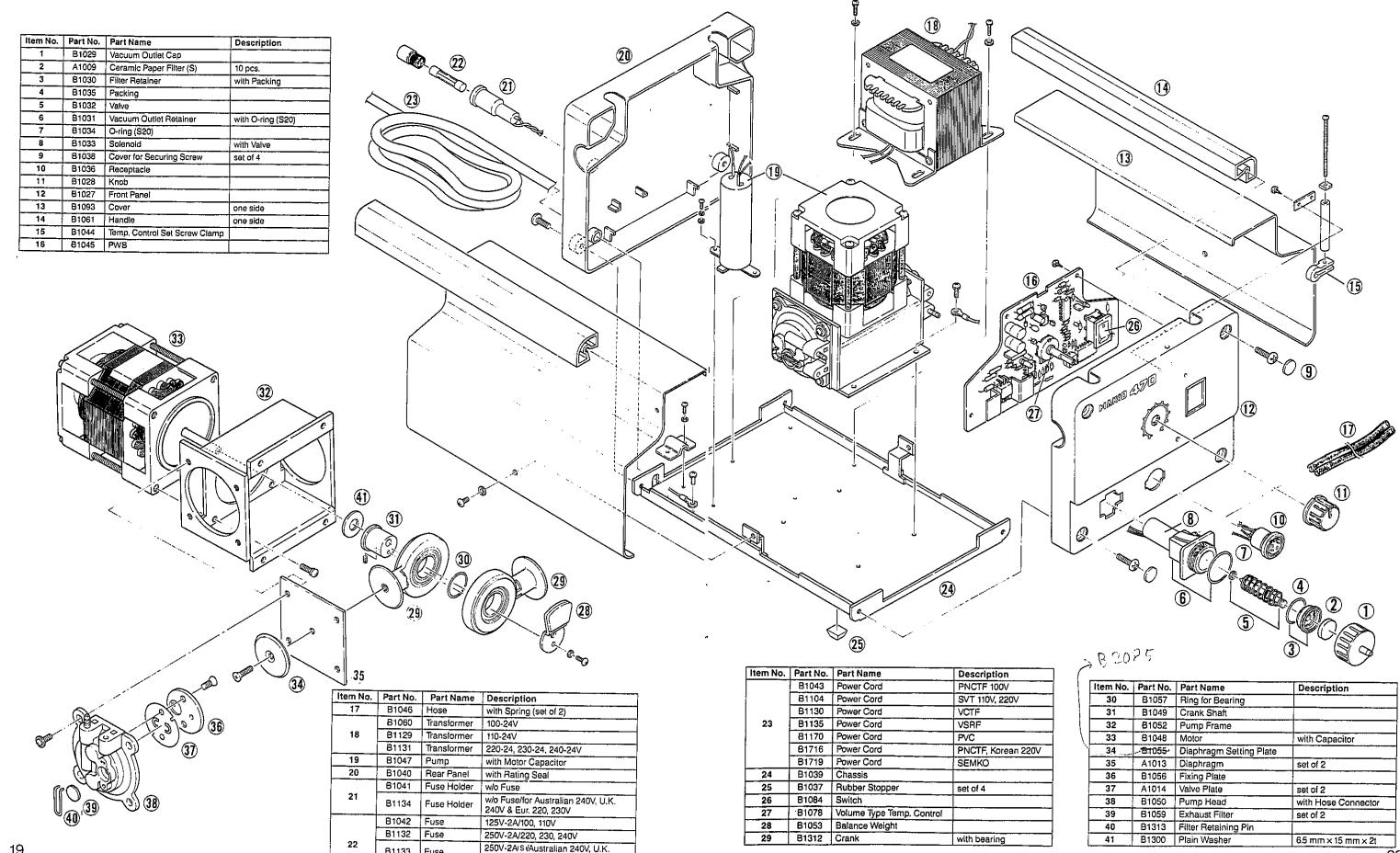
- 1. Set the Temperature Control Knob to 1 and allow the Gun to warm up for 3 minutes.
- Using a tip thermometer, adjust the temperature calibrator (marked "CAL") until the Nozzle temperature reads 380°C (716°F).



Position the leads in the groove and press them into place. Be careful that the leads do not get caught in the Housing.



Parts List (Station)



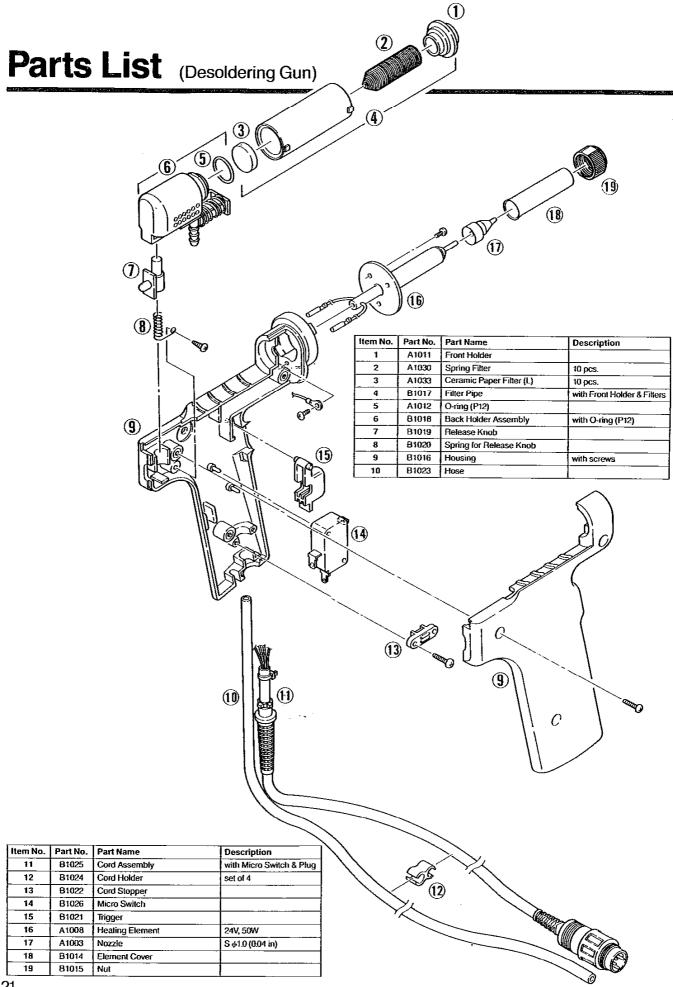
B1133

B1139 Fuse

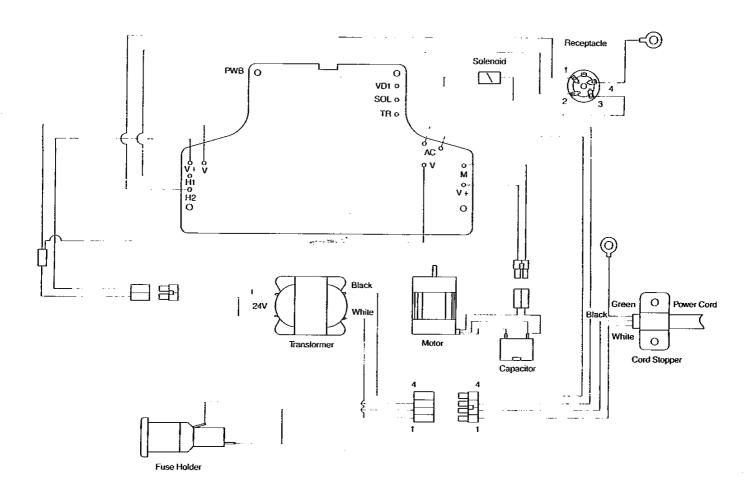
Fuse

240V & Eur. 220, 230V

250V-1A/S/SEMKO



Wiring



THIS PRODUCT CONFORMS
TO ELECTROMAGNETIC
COMPATIBILITY DIRECTIVE 89/336/EEC

@HAK©D



HEAD OFFICE

4-5, SHIOKUSA 2-CHOME, NANIWA-KU, OSAKA, 556 JAPAN TEL: (06) 561-3225 FAX: (06) 561-8466 TLX: HAKKOOSA J65274

TLY: HAKKOOSA J85274

OVERSEAS AFFILIATES

U.S.A.: AMERICAN HAKKO PRODUCTS, INC.
CORPORATE OFFICE
25072 ANZA DR. SANTA CLARITA, CA 91355, U.S.A.
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